

Side events im EU-Pavillon

COP 13 / MOP 3, Bali, Indonesien

Monday, 3 December

Room: BRUSSELS	Room: LISBON
<p data-bbox="185 620 331 644">18.00-20.00</p> <p data-bbox="185 683 1025 770">Climate issue integration in the development, how to take in consideration the climate issue in the politic and the development programmes</p> <p data-bbox="185 805 1106 954">Presentation of the French approach for this integration : the "Bilan carbone tool" and the "climate - proofing" in the French agency development projects - integration of the issue climate in the development NGO - the French South NGO - Case study : the regional adaptation project in the Indian Ocean Commission.</p> <p data-bbox="185 991 427 1015">Organiser: FRANCE</p>	

Tuesday, 4 December

Room: BRUSSELS	Room: LISBON
<p>13.00-15.00</p> <p>The ENSEMBLES project - integrating climate change impacts studies into an ensemble prediction system</p> <p>This event will present activities and results from the EU-funded ENSEMBLES project which is developing an ensemble climate forecast system for use across a range of timescales (seasonal, decadal and longer) and spatial scales (global, regional and local). The modelling system is being used to produce probabilistic scenarios of future climate for a quantitative assessment of impacts in a range of applications, to provide policy-relevant information.</p> <p>Organiser: European Commission, DG Research</p>	<p>13.00-15.00</p> <p>Joint Implementation in Germany and France: the path to European offset projects?</p> <p>Government and industry representatives from Germany and France will present the national procedures for approving JI projects on their territory, and discuss the stakes for post-2012 European offset projects.</p> <p>Organiser: France</p>
<p>15.30-17.30</p> <p>Sectoral no-lose targets for developing countries – putting the idea into practice</p> <p>Sectoral no lose targets have been widely discussed as an option for developing countries to engage internationally. Results of testing the approach with sectoral proposal templates (www.sectoral.org) will be presented by Ecofys and GtripleC followed by a general discussion on the approach.</p> <p>Organiser: Germany</p>	
<p>18.00-20.00</p> <p>EU action on transport and climate change</p> <p>This event will present European action on transport and climate change in general and specifically the legislation being prepared to reduce the fast growing emissions of GHG from the transport sector e.g. fuels, vehicles etc.</p> <p>Organiser: European Commission, DG Environment</p>	

Wednesday, 5 December

Room: BRUSSELS	Room: LISBON
<p>13.00-15.00</p> <p>Mitigating climate change in Indonesia, experiences in the forestry sector</p> <p>The side event will present key actions in the forestry sector in Indonesia which propose innovative ways to sustainably manage natural resources and avoid deforestation in the country. Presentation will cover issues such as FLEGT, fires, carbon financing and civil society participation.</p> <p>Organiser: European Commission, DG Environment</p>	<p>13.00-15.00</p> <p>Carbon market imperfections and the role of the financial sector</p> <p>Uncertainty about regulation and market continuity as well as market fragmentation and barriers to market participation are major reasons why the carbon market has not yet reached its full potential. This event will discuss how financial institutions can contribute to alleviate these imperfections.</p> <p>Organiser: Germany</p>
<p>15.30-17.30</p> <p>European Capacity Building Initiative</p> <p>The ecbi aims to promote a more level playing field between government delegations to the international climate change negotiations, and facilitate mutual understanding and trust - above all between European and developing countries.</p> <p>Organiser: European Capacity Building Initiative</p>	<p>15.30-17.30</p> <p>Scaling up Energy Efficiency and Access to Clean Energy Technologies: Options for International Cooperation</p> <p>Are there intellectual property barriers for access to energy efficient and clean energy technologies? What are options for enhancing international cooperation? What can be achieved in emerging economies such as China? These are questions to be addressed by a panel of experts from national, intergovernmental and policy research institutions.</p> <p>Organiser: International Centre for Trade and Sustainable Development</p>
	<p>18.00-20.00</p> <p>Low Carbon Technology Transfer Workshop</p> <p>A workshop to discuss key aspects of the scope of, and proposed approach to, Phase II of the UK-India Collaboration on Low Carbon Technology Transfer. COP in Bali will attract a wide range of people with expertise in this area and therefore represents an unparalleled opportunity to elicit expert guidance.</p> <p>Organiser: United Kingdom</p>

Thursday, 6 December

Room: BRUSSELS	Room: LISBON
<p>13.00-15.00</p> <p>Greenland - an icon of climate change</p> <p>The Arctic area is one of the regions most sensitive to global climate change, as exemplified by increasing temperatures and melting of sea and land ice. This side event will focus on Greenland, including observations of the Greenland Ice Sheet and the rapid retreat of many outlet glaciers.</p> <p>Organiser: Denmark</p>	<p>13.00-15.00</p> <p>French research on adaptation and mitigation</p> <p>The public research in France and its scientific partnerships; Case study: research on architecture and energy efficiency for the Chinese construction sector. Private sector research.</p> <p>Organiser: France</p>
<p>15.30-17.30</p> <p>Which implementation for the Article 6 of the Convention in Europe?</p> <p>Public access to information, public participation, disseminating information, cooperation of European actions in order to help change individual behaviour patterns among citizens. France: case study with the Public Participation during the top-level meeting on the environment ("le Grenelle Environnement") Sweden: Dissemination of the results from the IPCC-reports and knowledge and attitudes on the climate change in Sweden and other case studies from England and Spain.</p> <p>Organiser: France, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom</p>	<p>15.30-17.30</p> <p>Options for action by, and support for, developing countries in a post 2012 regime</p> <p>Ecofys and Wuppertal Institut jointly analysed emission reduction potentials, national policies for realizing these potentials and options for international support mechanisms in a post 2012 climate framework for Brazil, China, India, Mexico, South Africa and South Korea. Project by Ecofys and Wuppertal Institut for the German Environmental Protection Agency.</p> <p>Organiser: ECOFYS, Germany</p>
<p>18.00-20.00</p> <p>Furthering EU objectives on climate change and clean energy: engaging developing countries</p> <p>Achieving the EU's climate change and energy goals will depend significantly on what happens outside the EU, including in developing countries. The side event will examine opportunities to encourage developing countries to pursue low carbon development, with an emphasis on actions to engage large developing emitters.</p> <p>Organiser: International Institute for Sustainable Development</p>	<p>18.00-20.00</p> <p>The programmatic approach – a promising area for the future of CDM activities</p> <p>One year after having taken the decision to include "Programme of activities (PoA)" in the CDM at the COP/MOP 2 we would like to discuss first experiences with PoA. The focus of the Side Event will be on the capability to foster the balancing of the regional distribution of CDM projects, the ability to promote sustainable development and the emission reduction potential of PoA within Annex-I countries.</p> <p>Organiser: Germany</p>

Friday, 7 December

Room: BRUSSELS	Room: LISBON
<p>13.00-15.00</p> <p>Carbon dioxide capture and storage, legal developments in the EU and international outreach</p> <p>The event will focus on two main components: (a) the rationale for enabling CCS as a mitigation option and the legal framework for CCS adopted in December by the European Commission, and (b) early demonstration of CCS technologies and EU-China cooperation for the development of CCS technologies.</p> <p>Organiser: European Commission, DG Environment</p>	<p>13.00-15.00</p> <p>Analysing countries' future commitments and costs for various post-2012 climate regimes</p> <p>This side event will address the question: what are countries' costs and reduction efforts for different post-2012 regimes compatible with the 2 degrees target? The regimes explored are: equal costs approaches, the Triptych approach (sectoral targets), staged approaches and sector-benchmarking among others</p> <p>Organiser: Netherlands</p>
<p>15.30-17.30</p> <p>The results of the French research on the CO2</p> <p>Presentation on the current French carbon cycle research, by the Laboratoire des Sciences du Climat et l'Environnement (LSCE) from the Pierre Simon Laplace Institut: results on both observation and modelling of land and ocean carbon processes.</p> <p>Organiser: France</p>	<p>15.30-17.30</p> <p>Beyond climate change: research regarding co-benefits of climate change policies</p> <p>Organiser: European Commission, Joint Research Center</p>
<p>18.00-20.00</p> <p>Limiting Global Climate Change to 2°C</p> <p>In January 2007 the European Commission presented its Communication 'Limiting Global Climate Change to 2° Celsius'. This side event will present updates of the impact assessment taking into account more recent global developments that gives insight in the feasibility of achieving this objective.</p> <p>Organiser: European Commission, DG Environment</p>	<p>18.00-20.00</p> <p>Sustainable Buildings and Construction</p> <p>Finland contributes to the Marrakech Process of Sustainable Consumption and Production (SCP) by leading a Task Force on Sustainable Buildings and Construction. Construction and operation of buildings consume about 40% of all energy. This fact reveals the sector's great potential for emission savings. Finland invites policy makers worldwide to join the Task Force and look for tools and mechanisms to secure a more sustainable use of energy in the built environment. The meeting will be held in a roundtable format. The organizers will present the goals, outcomes, working methods and plans of the Task Force. Participants will be invited to join the discussion.</p> <p>Organiser: Finland</p>

Monday, 10 December

Room: BRUSSELS	Room: LISBON
<p>13.00-15.00</p> <p>EU strategies for adapting to climate change</p> <p>This event will present and analyse adaptation strategies from a research perspective as support to climate policy. The European Commission's 2007 Green Paper on Adaptation to Climate Change will be presented along with initial research results showing to which extent existing and evolving policies can achieve a socially an economically optimal adaptation to climate change, identifying associated costs and effectiveness.</p> <p>Organiser: European Commission, DG Research and Environment</p> <p>Cocktail reception</p>	<p>13.00-15.00</p> <p>Towards climate proofing The Netherlands</p> <p>For the Dutch government climate proofing the Netherlands is a high priority. Recently a national strategy was launched. Special about the Dutch approach is a close cooperation between many partners and with the research programme Climate changes Spatial Planning.</p> <p>Organiser: Netherlands</p>
<p>15.30-17.30</p> <p>Achieving a Sustainable Low Carbon Society Reporting on the Low Carbon Society collaboration between Japan and UK.</p> <p>Organiser: United Kingdom</p>	<p>15.30-17.30</p> <p>German Emissions Trading Association</p> <p>The CDM as such does not reduce net global greenhouse gas emissions. For every tonne of emissions reduced in a host country, an CER buyer country is allowed to emit one tonne more at home. If a CDM project does not reduce emissions compared to what would happen anyway, then the net effect is an increase of global emissions. The additionality principle is thus of fundamental importance in the CDM context. We will discuss possibilities to improve additionality testing with representatives of CDM project developers, validators, DNA representatives, the CDM regulators and Members of the German Parliament.</p> <p>Organiser: Germany</p>
<p>18.00-20.00</p> <p>European Union's progress in meeting its Kyoto target</p> <p>Presentation on EU's progress in meeting its Kyoto target (current and projected emissions), on the newest developments under the ECCP and on major policy initiatives by various EU MS.</p> <p>Organiser: European Commission, DG ENV</p> <p>Cocktail reception</p>	<p>18.00-20.00</p> <p>Meeting the Challenge - business to climate change: A preparation and discussion on the findings from the CBIs Climate Change Task Force</p> <p>To share findings and explore key themes from the Task Force report, in particular the role of business in the delivery of carbon abatement solutions, engaging with consumers and shaping climate change policy frameworks. The Task Force consists of 18 of the UK's leading business.</p> <p>Organiser: United Kingdom</p>

Tuesday, 11 December

Room: BRUSSELS	Room: LISBON
<p>11:00-13:00</p> <p>Global carbon markets</p> <p>Offering a forum of discussion, the European Parliament brings together decision makers to focus on what kind of political framework is needed in order to build up market-based solutions for mitigation and adaptation. The round table is open to all parliamentarians, but especially addresses representatives from developing countries.</p> <p>Organiser: European Parliament</p>	
<p>13:00-15:00</p> <p>Impacts of climate change and adaptation measures in deltas - Case studies</p> <p>Projected changes in climate will have a great impact (environmental, social and economical) in deltas and low-lying areas. Adaptation measures could reduce some impacts and address some degradation resulting from other pressures. An overview on opportunities, challenges and strategies to enhance knowledge sharing.</p> <p>Organiser: Spain</p>	<p>13:00-15:00</p> <p>Extreme water events and health risks</p> <p>This event will analyse water-related disasters: how climate change can influence their severity, frequency and their consequences on human health. It will explore in particular the related risks of spreading of infectious diseases. In addition to research and policy issues on a global level, there will be presentations of case studies from Indonesia and the region.</p> <p>Organiser: European Commission, DG Research</p>
<p>15:30-17:30</p> <p>Overcoming Barriers to Clean Technology: - Role of Intellectual Property Rights, and Lack of Capacity and Resources</p> <p>Identifying the barriers to diffusion and transfer of clean technology needed to mitigate greenhouse gases and how best to overcome them. Discuss how to minimise such barriers, including laws on IPRs, and lack of capacity and resources in emerging and developing countries.</p> <p>Organiser: European Parliament</p>	<p>15:30-17:30</p> <p>Moving towards a low carbon society - Germany's new climate policy</p> <p>The German government has recently decided on an ambitious programme for drastically reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases (GHG). The Programme covers all relevant sectors and includes concrete binding measures. It will help to meet the necessary targets for GHG reductions.</p> <p>Organiser: Germany</p>
<p>18:00-20:00</p> <p>Sectoral industry approaches</p> <p>A new instrument for international climate change policies. There is increasing political momentum behind sectoral approaches to global GHG emission reductions. The panel discussion will aim to take stock and identify actions to make progress in developing this instrument.</p> <p>Organiser: European Commission, DG Enterprise</p>	<p>18:00-20:00</p> <p>Concentrating Solar Power</p> <p>Organiser: Italy</p>

Wednesday, 12 December

Room: BRUSSELS	Room: LISBON
<p>13.00-15.00</p> <p>Strengthening the EU Emissions Trading System for the post-2012 era Opening speech by Stavros Dimas, European Commissioner for Environment</p> <p>Organiser: European Commission, DG Environment</p>	<p>13.00-15.00</p> <p>CIRCE Climate Change and Impact Research - The Mediterranean Environment</p> <p>The EU funded project CIRCE aims at developing for the first time an integrated assessment of the climate change impacts in the Mediterranean. We will present new "frames" for adaptation in the Mediterranean and discuss how climate policy in the north may influence and shape adaptation in the south. Moreover we will listen at stakeholders' suggestions for cooperation options for joint adaptation measures and mitigation strategies.</p> <p>Organiser: Germany</p>
<p>15.30-17.30</p> <p>Assessment of forest cover changes in French Guiana using satellite imagery: Lessons for a post 2012 REDD regime</p> <p>Monitoring land use changes in French Guiana; sample units using resolution remote sensing imagery, The JRC sampling approach for monitoring forest areas from continental to regional level. Case study over French Guiana - Roundtable with National delegates: RD of Congo, Gabon, Bolivia, Colombia.</p> <p>Organiser: France</p>	<p>15.30-17.30</p> <p>GLOBE G8+5 Climate Change Dialogue: Financing Adaptation - A Strategic Necessity?</p> <p>Industrialized countries can no longer escape their historical responsibility. Helping low-income countries adapt to climate change is both an ethical imperative and a necessity in order to reach a post-2012 agreement. How can we multiply funding and help low-income countries cope with climate change?</p> <p>Organiser: United Kingdom</p>
<p>18.00-20.00</p> <p>Building the global carbon market- ICAP, the International Carbon Action Partnership Opening speech by Stavros Dimas, European Commissioner for Environment</p> <p>Carbon markets are key to low-cost emissions reductions and shifting investment to low carbon solutions. A few weeks after the launch of ICAP- the International Carbon Action Partnership- find out more about this new initiative, bringing together the growing number of public authorities committed to mandatory cap and trade systems, to share experience.</p> <p>Organiser: European Commission, DG Environment</p> <p>Cocktail reception</p>	<p>18.00-20.00</p> <p>G8 and the Gleneagles Dialogue on Climate Change, Clean Energy and Sustainable Development</p> <p>Toward a post 2012 agreement: How political will can be created and applied through various international for a such as the G8, the Gleneagles Dialogue, AP6, and the Major Emitter's process. Future direction of these discussions.</p> <p>Organiser: United Kingdom</p>

Thursday, 13 December

Room: BRUSSELS	Room: LISBON
<p>13.00-15.00</p> <p>The EU's Global Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy Fund: An innovative way of transferring capital and clean technology</p> <p>Opening speech by Stavros Dimas, European Commissioner for Environment</p> <p>The event will present the GEEREF, an innovative public-private financing solution to accelerate the deployment and transfer of energy efficiency and renewable energy technologies from developed to developing countries.</p> <p>Organiser: European Commission, DG Environment</p>	
<p>15.30-17.30</p> <p>Dutch-Indonesian co-operation in water-related adaptation to climate change</p> <p>The Netherlands' government wants to build a long term co-operation with Indonesia in the field of water and climate. Indonesia started to assess the impacts of climate change and climate variability. The Netherlands focuses on hydrology, pilot river basins, capacity building and communication.</p> <p>Organiser: Netherlands</p>	<p>15.30-17.30</p> <p>The Ibero-American Programme on Impacts, Vulnerability and Adaptation to Climate Change (PIACC)</p> <p>Adaptation is one of the main areas of work of the Ibero-American Network of Climate Change Offices (RIOCC). The PIACC is conceived as a continuous and accumulative process of knowledge generation aiming to strengthen the development and application of adaptation strategies in the region.</p> <p>Organiser: Spain</p>
<p>18.00-20.00</p> <p>Supporting efforts to combat deforestation: the European perspective</p> <p>Opening speech by Stavros Dimas, European Commissioner for Environment</p> <p>Building on the European experience in supporting policies and actions to combat deforestation and promote sustainable forest management, the side event will present the European perspective on reducing emissions from deforestation. Potential input from initiatives such as FLEGT will be explored.</p> <p>Organiser: European Commission, DG Environment</p> <p>Cocktail reception</p>	<p>18.00-20.00</p> <p>Biodiversity - Climate Interactions</p> <p>Organiser: Italy</p>

Friday, 14 December

Room: BRUSSELS	Room: LISBON
<p>13.00-15.00</p> <p>The EU's Global Climate Change Alliance (GCCA)</p> <p>Opening speech by Stavros Dimas, European Commissioner for Environment</p> <p>The EU will present its new initiative on building a Global Climate Change Alliance with the countries most vulnerable to climate change, and invite to a discussion on the pros and cons of the initiative and how it can best be implemented.</p> <p>Organiser: European Commission, DG Development</p>	